



## **TILBURG LAW SCHOOL**

# **TEACHING AND EXAMINATION REGULATIONS OF THE ONE-YEAR MASTER'S PROGRAMS AT TILBURG LAW SCHOOL**

**ACADEMIC YEAR 2018-2019**

# CONTENTS

<b>SECTION 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS</b>	<b>6</b>
<i>Article 1.1 – Applicability of the regulations</i>	6
<i>Article 1.2 – Definitions</i>	6
<i>Article 1.3 – The aims of the programs</i>	6
<i>Article 1.4 – Academic training</i>	6
<b>SECTION 2: THE DESIGN OF THE PROGRAMS</b>	<b>7</b>
<i>Article 2.1 – The form of the programs</i>	7
<i>Article 2.2 – The duration of the programs</i>	7
<i>Article 2.3 – Study load</i>	7
<i>Article 2.3a – Internships</i>	7
<i>Article 2.4 – Attainment targets</i>	7
<i>Article 2.5 – End of the program</i>	8
<i>Article 2.6 – Additional rules pertaining to the organization of teaching</i>	8
<b>SECTION 3: ADMISSION TO THE MASTER'S PROGRAMS</b>	<b>8</b>
<i>Article 3.1 – Confirmation of Admission (Bewijs van Toelating)</i>	8
<i>Article 3.1 a – Late registration</i>	8
<i>Article 3.2 – Admission assessment</i>	8
<i>Article 3.3 – Repealed</i>	8
<i>Article 3.4 – Admission to the programs</i>	8
<i>Article 3.5 – Categories of eligible candidates</i>	9
<i>Article 3.6 – Similar programs</i>	9
<i>Article 3.7 – Repealed</i>	9
<i>Article 3.8 – Repealed</i>	9
<i>Article 3.9 – Repealed</i>	9
<i>Article 3.10 – Repealed</i>	9
<i>Article 3.11 – Repealed</i>	9
<i>Article 3.12 – Repealed</i>	9
<b>SECTION 4: INTERIM EXAMINATIONS AND EXAMINATIONS</b>	<b>9</b>
<i>Article 4.1 – Frequency of interim examinations</i>	9
<i>Article 4.2 – Written interim examinations</i>	9
<i>Article 4.3 – Oral interim examinations</i>	10
<i>Article 4.4 – Exemption</i>	10
<i>Article 4.5 – Repealed</i>	10
<i>Article 4.6 – Substitute course</i>	10
<i>Article 4.7 – Request for exemption, request for permission to substitute a course</i>	10
<i>Article 4.8 – Admission to the interim examination</i>	10

<i>Article 4.9 – Interim examination dates</i>	10
<i>Article 4.10 – Determining and publishing interim examination results</i>	11
<i>Article 4.11 – The rights of inspection and discussion</i>	11
<i>Article 4.12 – Setting the publication date for interim examination results</i>	11
<i>Article 4.13 – Validity period</i>	11
<i>Article 4.14 – The Master’s thesis</i>	11
<i>Article 4.15 – Last chance</i>	12
<i>Article 4.16 – Master’s examination</i>	12
<i>Article 4.17 – Degree</i>	12
<i>Article 4.18 – Hardship clause</i>	13
<b>SECTION 4a: QUALITY ASSURANCE</b>	<b>13</b>
<i>Article 4.18a</i>	13
<i>Article 4.18b</i>	13
<i>Article 4.18c</i>	13
<b>SECTION 5: APPEALS</b>	<b>13</b>
<i>Article 5.1 – Appeals</i>	13
<b>SECTION 6: STUDENT COUNSELING</b>	<b>15</b>
<i>Article 6.1 – Study progress administration</i>	15
<i>Article 6.2 – Student counseling</i>	15
<b>SECTION 6A: COMPOSITION OF THE FLEXIBLE PROGRAM</b>	<b>15</b>
<i>Article 6A.1 – Composition of the flexible program</i>	15
<b>SECTION 6B: CONCLUDING PROVISIONS</b>	<b>15</b>
<i>Article 6B.1 – Hardship clause</i>	15
<i>Article 6B.2 – Changes</i>	15
<i>Article 6B.3 – Publication</i>	15
<i>Article 6B.4 – Effective date</i>	15
<b>SECTION 7: THE LAW PROGRAM</b>	<b>16</b>
<i>Article 7.1 – The form of the program</i>	16
<i>Article 7.1.1 – Language</i>	16
<i>Article 7.2 – Starting dates</i>	16
<i>Article 7.3 – Admission; transition and pre-Master’s programs</i>	16
<i>Article 7.4 – The program from the 2015-2016 academic year</i>	16
<b>SECTION 8: THE TAX LAW PROGRAM</b>	<b>19</b>
<i>Article 8.1 – The form of the program</i>	19
<i>Article 8.1.1 – Language</i>	19
<i>Article 8.2 – Starting dates</i>	19

<i>Article 8.3 – Admission; transitional and pre-Master’s programs</i>	19
<i>Article 8.4 – Curriculum as of the 2014-2015 academic year</i>	19
<i>Article 8.4a – Repealed.</i>	20
<i>Article 8.5 – The program for students of Fiscal Economics</i>	20
<b>SECTION 9: THE PROGRAM IN BUSINESS LAW</b>	<b>21</b>
<i>Article 9.1 – The form of the program</i>	21
<i>Article 9.1.1 – Language</i>	21
<i>Article 9.2 – Starting dates</i>	21
<i>Article 9.3 – Admission; transition and pre-Master’s programs</i>	21
<i>Article 9.4 – The program in Business Law</i>	21
<b>SECTION 10: THE PROGRAM IN INTERNATIONAL AND EUROPEAN LAW</b>	<b>23</b>
<i>Article 10.1 – The form of the program</i>	23
<i>Article 10.2 – Starting dates</i>	23
<i>Article 10.3 – Admission; transition program</i>	23
<i>Article 10.4 – The program</i>	23
<b>SECTION 11: THE INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS LAW PROGRAM</b>	<b>25</b>
<i>Article 11.1 – The form of the program</i>	25
<i>Article 11.2 – Starting dates</i>	25
<i>Article 11.3 – Admission; transition program</i>	25
<i>Article 11.4 – The program</i>	25
<b>SECTION 12: THE ENVIRONMENTAL LAW PROGRAM – REPEALED</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>SECTION 13: THE LABOUR LAW AND EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS PROGRAM (THE SOCIAL LAW AND SOCIAL POLICY PROGRAM)</b>	<b>26</b>
<i>Article 13.1 – The form of the program</i>	26
<i>Article 13.1.1 – Language</i>	26
<i>Article 13.2 – Starting dates</i>	26
<i>Article 13.3 – Admission; transition and pre-Master’s programs</i>	26
<i>Article 13.4 – The program</i>	26
<b>SECTION 14: REPEALED</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>SECTION 15: THE LAW AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM</b>	<b>28</b>
<i>Article 15.1 – The form of the program</i>	28
<i>Article 15.2 – Starting dates</i>	28
<i>Article 15.3 – Admission; transition program</i>	28
<i>Article 15.4 – The program</i>	28
<b>SECTION 16: THE PUBLIC GOVERNANCE (PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION) PROGRAM</b>	<b>29</b>
<i>Article 16.1 – The form of the program</i>	29

<i>Article 16.1.1 – Language</i>	29
<i>Article 16.2 – Starting dates</i>	29
<i>Article 16.3 – Admission</i>	29
<i>Article 16.4 – The program for students admitted as of 1 September 2016</i>	29
<i>Article 16.5 – repealed</i>	29
<i>Article 16.6 -Transitional arrangement: Public Administration and Law specialization</i>	30
<i>Transitional arrangement: Public Administration and Society specialization</i>	31
<i>Transitional arrangement: Public Administration and Politics specialization</i>	32
<b>SECTION 17: THE VICTIMOLOGY AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE PROGRAM</b>	<b>33</b>
<i>Article 17.1 – The form of the program</i>	33
<i>Article 17.1.1 – Language</i>	33
<i>Article 17.2 – Starting dates</i>	33
<i>Article 17.3 – Admission; transition program</i>	33
<i>Article 17.4 – The program</i>	33
<b>SECTION 18: THE PROGRAM IN INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS TAXATION – TAX LAW PROGRAM</b>	<b>35</b>
<i>Article 18.1 – The form of the program</i>	35
<i>Article 18.1.1 – Language</i>	35
<i>Article 18.2 – Starting dates</i>	35
<i>Article 18.3 – Admission; transition and pre-Master’s programs</i>	35
<i>Article 18.4 – The program</i>	35

## GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLYING TO ALL MASTER'S PROGRAMS

### SECTION 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### Article 1.1 – Applicability of the regulations

These Regulations apply to teaching and examinations in the following Master's programs: Law, Tax Law, Labour Law and Employment Relations (Social Law and Social Policy), International and European Law, International Business Law, Business Law, Public Governance (Public Administration), Law and Technology, Victimology and Criminal Justice and International Business Taxation-Law – hereinafter to be referred to as the programs – provided by Tilburg Law School.

#### Article 1.2 – Definitions

1. For the purposes of these Regulations, the following definitions apply:
  - a. the HERA: the Higher Education and Research Act 2002 (HERA; *Wet op het hoger onderwijs en wetenschappelijk onderzoek 2002*);
  - b. student: a person enrolled at the university to receive teaching and/or take interim examinations and examinations in a program;
  - c. course: a unit of study of the program, as defined in the HERA;
  - d. examination: the final assessment for a Master's program;
  - e. examiner: the member of personnel appointed by the Examination Board who is charged with instruction of the relevant program unit or an expert from outside the organization appointed by the Examination Board;
  - f. repealed
  - g. ECTS: European Credits in accordance with the European Credit Transfer System;
  - h. programs: Tilburg Law School's Master's programs;
  - i. interim examination: the appraisal of the knowledge, insight and skills of the student in an area covered by a course and the assessment of the results of that appraisal;
  - j. test: a partial appraisal of the knowledge, insight and skills of the student in a part of a particular course and the assessment of the results of that appraisal;
  - k. semester: a part of the academic year, beginning on or around 1 September and ending on or around 31 January, or beginning on or around 1 February and ending on or around 31 August;
  - l. academic year: two consecutive semesters;
  - m. the Education Forum: the program boards (*opleidingsbesturen*) as referred to in the HERA.
  - n. pre-Master's program: an educational program that consists of up to 66 credits and that prepares a student for the relevant Master's program.
2. Other concepts have the meaning attributed to them in the HERA.

#### Article 1.3 – The aims of the programs

The aims of the programs are:

1. the acquisition of knowledge, insight and skills in the fields covered by the programs and as further detailed in the Special Provisions of these Regulations;
2. academic training.

#### Article 1.4 – Academic training

1. A program must comprise sufficient elements to serve the student's academic training, especially in terms of independent academic thought, action, and communication.
2. The Examination Board determines a framework to test the above.

## SECTION 2: THE DESIGN OF THE PROGRAMS

### Article 2.1 – The form of the programs

In principle, the programs are full-time. If there are any exceptions for a particular program, this will be mentioned in the special provisions for that program.

### Article 2.2 – The duration of the programs

The full-time programs take one year.

### Article 2.3 – Study load

1. The study load of a course is expressed in ECTS (European Credits). One ECTS represents a study load of 28 hours.
2. The study load of the one-year programs is 60 ECTS.
3. The study load of the courses is 6 ECTS. Courses with a different study load have a study load that is a multiple of 3.
4. The examiner explains to students how the study load for each course is calculated.
5. In calculating the study load, the following rules must be observed:
  - a. 4% of study load is factored in as overhead;
  - b. the student is expected to spend one hour on studying 8 pages of literature;
  - c. the student is expected to spend one hour on studying a judicial decision;
  - d. in addition to the study load referred to in b. and c., the student is expected to spend one hour preparing for one hour of lectures and two hours preparing for one hour of tutorials.

### Article 2.3a – Internships

If an internship is not already included in these Regulations as part of a program, it can only be stated on the list of grades as an extracurricular component. In that case, only the study load of any internships abroad will be stated.

### Article 2.4 – Attainment targets

Upon completion of the program, students have:

- a. knowledge of and insight into
  - the specific courses of the program;
  - current issues in the field of the program;
  - integrated knowledge of diverse fields of law;
  - relations with academic disciplines adjacent to their specialization;
- b. skills in:
  - analyzing interconnected legal problems deriving from different fields of the law and in distinguishing main issues from side issues;
  - clearly defining problems;
  - preventing or solving conflicts (de-escalation);
  - sorting and selecting information and judging its usefulness;
  - assessing the purpose and necessity of tapping into knowledge from other disciplines;
  - generating new knowledge (contributing to the development of law);
  - handling a plurality of conceivable solutions;
  - cooperating, among other people, with professionals from other disciplines;
  - explaining complex legal problems to non-specialists; and
- c. an attitude that is critical, independent, explorative, objective, and honest. They have an eye for justice and for the role of law in society. In addition, they are prepared to take on responsibilities and are creative in finding legal solutions that are adequate to the relevant social context.

The attainment targets for each individual program are included as an Appendix to these Teaching and Examination Regulations.

### **Article 2.5 – End of the program**

The program finishes with the Master's examination.

### **Article 2.6 – Additional rules pertaining to the organization of teaching**

Under the supervision of the Examination Board, the examiner has the authority to draw up additional rules for the organization of the teaching and interim examination of a course. These rules must be published on Blackboard and stated in the syllabus before the start of teaching of the course concerned.

## *SECTION 3: ADMISSION TO THE MASTER'S PROGRAMS*

### **Article 3.1 – Confirmation of Admission (*Bewijs van Toelating*)**

1. In order to be admitted to a Master's program, students need to have a Confirmation of Admission.
2. The Confirmation of Admission is valid for the academic year following the academic year in which the application was filed.
3. The Confirmation of Admission is supplied by the Examination Board. If necessary, the Board will seek the advice of the coordinator of the program concerned before granting the Confirmation of Admission.

### **Article 3.1 a – Late registration**

In accordance with Article 2.4 of the Registration and Tuition Fee Regulations, students who wish to register one or more months later than the start of the academic year or the program to be taken need the approval of the Executive Board. As part of the decision-making procedure, the Executive Board asks Tilburg Law School, in this case the Examination Board, for a written statement that there are no objections on educational grounds. If Tilburg Law School, in this case the Examination Board, thinks that the student can no longer be fitted into the current program, this must be substantiated in writing. Objection and appeal can be lodged against a negative decision.

### **Article 3.2 – Admission assessment**

1. An application for admission to the program can be filed with the Examination Board throughout the academic year.
2. The Examination Board will make a decision within six weeks after the application for admission has been filed.
3. With a view to admission, the Examination Board will assess the candidate's knowledge, insight and skills. Supplementary to written testimony of the candidate's previous education, the Examination Board may decide to have certain knowledge domains or skills tested by internal or external experts.
4. The written statement concerning admission points out to the candidate the possibility of appeal with the Examination Appeals Board.

### **Article 3.3 – Repealed**

### **Article 3.4 – Admission to the programs**

1. Specific conditions for admission to a particular Master's program are included in the Special Provisions of these Regulations. The Examination Board can impose additional requirements before admitting a student to a Master's program. A student may first be required to complete a pre-Master's program.
2. These conditions aim to ensure that, upon admission, students have acquired sufficient knowledge, insight and skills to be able to successfully complete, within one year, the program to which they wish to be admitted. The conditions are based upon the attainment targets of the Bachelor's program which precedes the Master's program concerned. The scope of the pre-Master's program depends on the student's experience and prior education. The standard pre-Master's programs are described in Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations of the Bachelor's Programs.



### **Article 3.5 – Categories of eligible candidates**

The following categories of candidates may apply for admission to the programs:

- Candidates who are enrolled in or have completed one of Tilburg Law School's Bachelor's programs;
- Candidates holding a Bachelor's degree in a law program from another university in the Netherlands;
- Candidates holding a Bachelor's degree in similar programs from an institute for higher professional education (HBO);
- Other candidates holding a degree in similar university programs, including:
  - \* Candidates holding a foreign Bachelor's degree;
  - \* Candidates holding a Master's degree or doctoral degree;
  - \* Candidates holding a Bachelor's degree in other university programs.

### **Article 3.6 – Similar programs**

A program can be said to be similar if a candidate's completed Bachelor's program covered at least 90 ECTS worth of courses that were similar to courses in Tilburg Law School's Bachelor's program contiguous to the Master's program in which the candidate wishes to enroll.

### **Article 3.7 – Repealed**

### **Article 3.8 – Repealed**

### **Article 3.9 – Repealed**

### **Article 3.10 – Repealed**

### **Article 3.11 – Repealed**

### **Article 3.12 – Repealed**

## *SECTION 4: INTERIM EXAMINATIONS AND EXAMINATIONS*

### **Article 4.1 – Frequency of interim examinations**

In every academic year in which a course is taught, there will be two opportunities to take an interim examination in that course. The first of these occurs immediately after the end of the teaching period in which the course is provided. The timing of the second depends on how the course is organized. When there are two teaching periods (two-semester format), the second interim-examination opportunity occurs within five weeks following the first. When there are four teaching periods (four-block format), the second opportunity occurs during or immediately after the end of the subsequent teaching period except in the case of courses taught in the final period (block 4), when that second opportunity occurs after the first.

### **Article 4.2 – Written interim examinations**

1. A written interim examination is an interim examination that involves writing one or more assignments or writing a paper or a report, or an interim examination that involves both written and oral components.
2. A group paper may count as a written interim examination if and to the extent that the individual student's achievement can be assessed.
3. Students with a functional disorder will be given the opportunity to take interim examinations in a way that makes allowance for their individual disability as much as possible. If necessary, the Examination Board seeks expert advice before making a decision.

#### **Article 4.3 – Oral interim examinations**

1. An oral interim examination is administered to not more than one student at a time, unless the Examination Board has decided otherwise.
2. An oral interim examination is public, unless the Examination Board or the examiner concerned has decided otherwise in a special case, or if the student has raised objections.

#### **Article 4.4 – Exemption**

1. Having heard the advice of the examiner concerned, the Examination Board can grant exemptions from a course interim examination if the student meets the following conditions with regard to the course in question:
  - a. the student has passed the interim examination of a comparable course in terms of content and study load as part of a different university program or in a degree program in the Netherlands that is comparable to a university program;
  - b. the student can show he possesses sufficient knowledge and skills on the basis of work or professional experience.
2. Exemptions can be granted up to a maximum of 12 ECTS per student.
3. The Examination Board makes a decision within 30 working days of receiving the request. This period may be extended, once only, by ten working days.
4. The Examination Board can stipulate conditions for an exemption.
5. The Board will provide reasons in cases where it decides to wholly or partly reject a request.
6. The person who submitted the request will be notified in writing within one week after the Examination Board has made its decision.

#### **Article 4.5 – Repealed**

#### **Article 4.6 – Substitute course**

At the student's request and having heard the relevant examiner, the Examination Board may grant permission to substitute a course of the student's program by a course of a program from a different School or a different university, provided that the substitute course is comparable to the original course of the program in terms of content, study load and level.

#### **Article 4.7 – Request for exemption, request for permission to substitute a course**

1. A request for exemption from an interim examination or examination or a request to be allowed to substitute a course from the program with a course from a program from another university must be made to the Examination Board in writing and stating reasons.
2. The Examination Board makes its decision within one month of receiving the request.
3. The Examination Board can set additional requirements with regard to an exemption or permission to substitute a course.
4. The Board will provide reasons in cases where it decides to wholly or partly reject a request.
5. The person who submitted the request will be notified in writing within one week after the Examination Board has made its decision.

#### **Article 4.8 – Admission to the interim examination**

The examiner may impose additional conditions for admission to the first opportunity to sit an examination, as long as these are announced in writing at the beginning of the relevant course and published on Blackboard, in the syllabus, and in the Electronic Study Guide. Only when required in order to acquire practical skills, and then only with the permission of the Examination Board, may such conditions include compulsory attendance at lectures. The Program Committee is involved in the decision-making procedure in this respect, being informed when the matter is submitted to the Examination Board and given the opportunity to provide its advice thereupon. Should the decision made by Examination Board deviate from that advice, it shall inform the Program Committee of its reasons for so deciding.

#### **Article 4.9 – Interim examination dates**

1. The dates of written interim examinations are announced by the examiner at the start of the course at the very latest. The Examination Board aims to achieve a good spread of interim examinations, in any case with regard to the courses offered within a single program. The

second exam opportunity is not to take place within five days of the announcement of the results of the first opportunity. This period starts on the day after the results have been announced.

2. Oral interim examinations are administered on a date determined by the relevant examiner or examiners, if possible in consultation with the examinee.
3. Any change in the dates referred to in the preceding paragraphs will be made in the event of *force majeure* only.

#### **Article 4.10 – Determining and publishing interim examination results**

1. The examiner determines the result of an oral interim examination immediately if possible, and otherwise within no more than five working days. If the result is determined immediately, the examiner issues the student with a written statement of that result.
2. The examiner determines the result of a written interim examination within fifteen working days after the day on which it was administered or should have been handed in, and simultaneously gives the Student Administration the necessary data for the publication of the results. This term of fifteen working days also applies to other written products such as essays, projects and papers.
3. If the interim examination consists of a method of examination other than a written or oral examination, the examiner decides beforehand in what way and by what deadline the student will receive a written statement concerning the result.
4. If an interim examination is administered by means of tests, the same deadlines apply as mentioned in the preceding paragraphs.
5. In the months of July and August, the Education Forum can indicate an uninterrupted period of a maximum of three weeks of which the days will not be counted as working days.

#### **Article 4.11 – The rights of inspection and discussion**

1. No later than on the thirtieth working day after the interim examination and in any case two calendar days before the next interim examination opportunity, the student is given the opportunity to inspect his interim examination. Inspection takes place at a time and place to be determined by the examiner. The examiner announces the time and place of the inspection at the interim examination or makes an appointment for inspection with the students concerned. At the inspection, the student can peruse the questions and assignments of the interim examination concerned and the standards on the basis of which assessment took place. In addition, at his request, the student will be given a copy of his work at cost price, unless the interim examination was multiple-choice.
2. If, during inspection, it appears that a student requires further explanation from the examiner, the student can immediately make an appointment for an individual discussion, which must take place before the next interim examination opportunity.
3. The Examination Board can draw up additional rules concerning inspection and discussion.

#### **Article 4.12 – Setting the publication date for interim examination results**

With a view to the deadlines in the preceding provisions, the date on which the official results were made electronically available, or written statements were sent, as the case may be, will count as the date of publication of the interim examination results.

#### **Article 4.13 – Validity period**

1. In principle, the validity period of courses passed is unlimited; however the Examination Board reserves the right to impose additional requirements before the Master's examination can be taken if an interim examination has been passed more than five years ago and there has been a substantial change to the course in terms of content.
2. For students who started a Master's program at Tilburg Law School before 1 September 2011, the deadline referred to in paragraph 1 is eight years.
3. For the validity period of an exemption for a course, paragraphs 1 and 2 apply *mutatis mutandis*.

#### **Article 4.14 – The Master's thesis**

1. The requirements concerning the Master's thesis and the way in which supervision and assessment take place are set out in the Master's Thesis Regulations.

2. By submitting their thesis, students give permission in the broadest sense of the word for it to be checked for plagiarism using a plagiarism detection system chosen by the institution and as referred to in Article 11 of the Master's Thesis Regulations.
3. This also includes permission for the thesis to be taken up in the repository of Tilburg University and the databases of the plagiarism detection systems contracted or to be contracted by TiU and/or other education institutions in the Netherlands for the purpose of checking other works for plagiarism in the future.
4. The foregoing does not affect the student's right to choose not to make the work publicly accessible for any other purpose than a plagiarism check as referred to in Article 11 of the Master's Thesis Regulations.

#### **Article 4.15 – Last chance**

A student who has successfully completed all but one interim examinations that count towards the examination, or has been exempted from taking them, who has participated in that last interim examination twice and whose Master's thesis has been approved is entitled to one extra opportunity to take the interim examination for the course in question. The examiner decides whether this extra interim examination opportunity will be oral or written. A student is not entitled to an additional interim examination opportunity in the period from two months before until one month after a regular interim examination.

#### **Article 4.16 – Master's examination**

1. As soon as the Master's thesis has been approved and the student has presented sufficient proof of the interim examinations passed, he can take the Master's examination.
2. The Master's examination consists of a brief lecture for non-experts, in which the student explains the results of the study he has conducted for his Master's thesis to a lay audience, and of an assessment by the examiner(s) of the student's knowledge of his Master's thesis and one or more courses or aspects of his study program.
3. If a student was admitted to the program on the basis of Article 3.8 rather than by passing a Bachelor's examination, the examination result can only be determined when the student has meanwhile passed the Bachelor's examination in question.
4. In all other cases in which a student's admission to the program was not based on his passing a Bachelor's examination, the examination result can only be determined if a student provides the Confirmation of Admission to the relevant Master's program, supplied by the Examination Board.
5. In the case of admission to the program on the grounds of Article 7.3 paragraph 1 sub c (admission to the Master's program in Law with the Bachelor's program in Global Law), Article 9.3 paragraph 1 sub c or d (admission to the Master's program in Business Law with the Bachelor's program in Law or Tax Law) or Article 10.3 paragraph 1 sub b (admission to the Master's program International and European Public Law with the Bachelor's program in Law), the result of the examination can only be determined when the student has successfully completed the Bachelor's courses mentioned in those Articles.

#### **Article 4.17 – Degree**

1. The degree of Master of Science (MSc) is conferred upon those who have passed the examination of the Public Governance (Public Administration) program. That person is also entitled to use the title of *doctorandus* (drs.).
2. Those students who were registered for the Master's program in Public Administration before 1 September 2013 and who pass the examination for this program after 1 September 2013 will also be awarded the degree of Master of Science (MSc). However, the student may ask the Examination Board to award him a Master of Arts (MA) degree instead. Such a request must be made at the latest when submitting the degree application at the Student Desk.
3. The degree of Master of Science (MSc) is conferred upon those who have passed the examination of the Master's program in Victimology and Criminal Justice. That person is also entitled to use the title of *doctorandus* (drs.).
4. The degree of Master of Laws (LLM) is conferred upon those who have passed the examination for a different program. That person is also entitled to use the title of *meester in de rechten* (mr.).

5. The degree conferred is stated on the degree certificate.

#### **Article 4.18 – Hardship clause**

If the interim examination and examination provisions in Section 4 cause unreasonable delay in an individual case, the Examination Board can make a special arrangement.

#### *SECTION 4a: QUALITY ASSURANCE*

##### **Article 4.18a**

1. Once every two years, each Master's degree program is evaluated by means of an online student questionnaire and a semi-structured interview organized by the Program Director. This is known as the Master's panel discussion.
2. The Program Director is provided with the results obtained from the online student questionnaire before initiating the Master's panel discussion.
3. The Program Director invites the students from his or her program to take part in the Master's panel discussion, and afterwards compiles a report of the discussion.
4. Following their approval by the Executive Committee Education, the reports of the Master's panel discussions and the results obtained from the online student questionnaire are submitted to the Program Committee for its advice.
5. The Program Director is invited to attend the discussion of these documents by the Program Committee.
6. Should the results obtained from the online student questionnaire, the Master's panel discussion, and/or the discussion thereof by the Program Committee give plausible cause, the Vice-Dean for Education may work out agreements with the Program Director concerning improvements to the program or its organization.
7. By way of derogation from clause 1 above, the Vice-Dean for Education may decide to evaluate a program annually instead of once every two years.

##### **Article 4.18b**

1. Each year, the Program Director compiles an Annual Program Report.
2. Following its approval by the Executive Committee Education, this report is submitted to the Program Committee for its advice.
3. The Program Director is invited to attend the discussion of this report by the Program Committee.

##### **Article 4.18c**

Assessment policy is determined by the Examination Board, having heard the advice of the Faculty Board. As well as guidelines for examiners and information concerning the manner in which the Examination Board assures the quality of assessment, this policy includes an assessment plan for each program. That plan is revised annually.

#### *SECTION 5: APPEALS*

##### **Article 5.1 – Appeals**

A student can appeal to the university's Examination Appeals Board against a decision by the Examination Board or by an examiner and against decisions concerning:

- admission to a pre-Master's program;
- admission to the study program;
- determination of the number of credits obtained;
- the granting and scope of an exemption;
- admission to the examination;
- the result of an interim examination;
- other decisions referred to in Article 7.61 of the HERA.

The student should make such an appeal to the Examination Appeals Board within six weeks of the announcement of the decision.



## *SECTION 6: STUDENT COUNSELING*

### **Article 6.1 – Study progress administration**

1. The Student Administration records students' individual grades.
2. The Student Administration coordinates the accessibility of study progress data on the Internet as well as the relevant information.

### **Article 6.2 – Student counseling**

1. In the framework of the admission procedure, Tilburg Law School makes an arrangement with the student about the individual composition of the program in which he will enroll.
2. Tilburg Law School ensures that – with a view to the program's attainment targets – adequate counseling is available to the student for the duration of the program.

## *SECTION 6A: COMPOSITION OF THE FLEXIBLE PROGRAM*

### **Article 6A.1 – Composition of the flexible program**

1. Students who submit a written request to the Examination Board will be admitted to a flexible Master's program examination in one of the programs offered by Tilburg Law School.
2. The courses in the flexible Master's program, which are to be chosen by the student, must be approved by the Examination Board.
3. The Examination Board will approve the components of the flexible Master's examination if that program is not overly fragmented, demonstrates sufficient coherence and is logically structured.

## *SECTION 6B: CONCLUDING PROVISIONS*

### **Article 6B.1 – Hardship clause**

1. In the event of clearly unfair situations, the Examination Board is authorized to make exceptions to the Teaching and Examination Regulations in individual cases in favor of the student.
2. The Examination Board will decide on any cases not provided for in the Teaching and Examination Regulations.

### **Article 6B.2 – Changes**

1. Changes to these Regulations will be adopted by special order by the Law School Board, having heard the Program Committees and – if necessary – in agreement with the Law School Council.
2. A change to these Regulations will not affect the current academic year unless it will not reasonably harm students' interests.
3. Furthermore, a change cannot have a detrimental effect on any other decision taken by the Examination Board on the basis of these Regulations in respect of a student.

### **Article 6B.3 – Publication**

1. The Law School Board will ensure an appropriate publication of these Regulations, of the Rules and Regulations adopted by the Examination Board and of changes to these documents.
2. Every interested person can obtain a copy of the documents referred to in the first paragraph from the Tilburg Law School Office.

### **Article 6B.4 – Effective date**

These Regulations will become effective on September 1, 2018.

Adopted by order of the Law School Board in agreement with the Law School Council on March 22, 2018, April 26, 2018 and June 28, 2018.

## **SPECIAL PROVISIONS APPLYING TO INDIVIDUAL MASTER'S PROGRAMS**

### *SECTION 7: THE LAW PROGRAM*

#### **Article 7.1 – The form of the program**

The Law program is offered as a full-time.

#### **Article 7.1.1 – Language**

The language of instruction in the program is Dutch. However, one or more courses which are part of the program may be taught in English. Students are required to choose at least one elective that is taught in English (see Article 7.4 (5)).

#### **Article 7.2 – Starting dates**

The Law program starts on 1 September and 1 February of every academic year.

#### **Article 7.3 – Admission; transition and pre-Master's programs**

The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in Law.

1. Candidates will be admitted to the Law program if they have passed the examination of one of the following programs at Tilburg Law School:
  - a. the Bachelor's program in Law;
  - b. the Bachelor's program in Law (International and European Law track), provided that they have completed the transition program. The transition program consists of the Bachelor's course Liability Law.
  - c. the Bachelor's program in Global Law (track Global Law), provided they have completed the transition program. The transition program consists of the Bachelor's courses in Contract Law (6 ECTS), Property Law (6 ECTS), Civil Procedure and Dispute Resolution (6 ECTS), Constitutional and Administrative Law: An Integrational Approach (6 ECTS), Legal Protection against the Government (7 ECTS), Criminal Liability (6 ECTS), Criminal Procedure (6 ECTS) and Liability Law (6 ECTS). Students who have passed all the courses in the Bachelor's program in Global Law and have also attained at least 30 ECTS in the transition program mentioned above, will be admitted to the Master's program in Law on making a request to the Examination Board.
  - d. the Bachelor's program in Global Law (International and European Law track), provided the transition program has been completed. The transition program consists of Liability Law.
2. Candidates will be admitted to the Law program under the same conditions if they have passed the examination for a program comparable to those referred to in the preceding paragraph.
3. For the pre-Master's program for HBO law students, see Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations for Bachelor's programs 2017-2018.

**The appendix contains the Master's of Law program 2014-2015 and its associated transitional arrangement along with the transitional arrangement for Civil Procedure Law and Dispute Resolution.**

#### **Article 7.4 - The program from the 2015-2016 academic year**

1. The program in Law includes the following courses with study loads as specified:
  - a. Advanced Private Law (6 ECTS)
  - b. Advanced Constitutional and Administrative Law (6 ECTS)
  - c. Advanced Criminal Law (6 ECTS)
2. One elective (6 ECTS), to be chosen from the following courses:
  - Employment Contract Law (6 ECTS)
  - Administrative Procedural Law (6 ECTS)
  - Collective Labor Law (6 ECTS)
  - Enforcement Law (6 ECTS)
  - Advanced Civil Procedure and Dispute Resolution (6 ECTS)



- Advanced Contract and Liability Law (6 ECTS)
  - Advanced Property and Insolvency Law (6 ECTS)
  - Advanced Law of Persons and Family Law (6 ECTS)
  - Remedial Rights in Criminal Law (6 ECTS)
  - Criminal Sanctions Law (6 ECTS)
3. One elective (6 ECTS), to be chosen from the following courses (note: also see (6)):
- Labor Law in Socio-Economic Context (6 ECTS)
  - Law and Economics (6 ECTS)
  - Legal Research in Theory and Practice (6 ECTS)
  - Psychiatry for Lawyers (6 ECTS)
  - Rhetoric for Lawyers (6 ECTS)
  - Legal History (6 ECTS)
  - Legislation and Regulation (6 ECTS)
  - Victims in the Context of International Criminal Justice (6 ECTS)
4. Three electives (18 ECTS), to be chosen from the following courses, if not already selected under (2) (note: also see (6)):
- Employment Contract Law (6 ECTS)
  - Administrative Procedural Law (6 ECTS)
  - Special Contracts (6 ECTS)
  - Capita Selecta Labor Law (6 ECTS)
  - Capita Selecta Business Law (6 ECTS);
  - Collective Labor Law (6 ECTS)
  - Comparative Constitutional Law (6 ECTS)
  - Comparative Labor Law (6 ECTS)
  - EU and the Courts (6 ECTS)
  - European Competition Law (6 ECTS)
  - European Labor Law and Social Policy (6 ECTS)
  - European Criminal Law (6 ECTS)
  - Financial and Economic Criminal Law (6 ECTS)
  - Enforcement Law (6 ECTS)
  - Human Rights Law (6 ECTS)
  - Matrimonial and Inheritance Law (6 ECTS)
  - Intellectual Property Law (6 ECTS)
  - International Private Law (6 ECTS)
  - International Labor Law and Globalization (6 ECTS)
  - Juvenile Law from a Dutch and international perspective (6 ECTS)
  - Migration Law (6 ECTS)
  - Environmental Law (6 ECTS)
  - Education Law (6 ECTS)
  - Social Security Law (6 ECTS)
  - Remedial Rights in Criminal Law (6 ECTS)
  - Criminal Law and Human Rights (6 ECTS).
  - Criminal Sanctions Law (6 ECTS)
  - Comparative Criminal Law (6 ECTS)<sup>1</sup>
  - Transnational Labor Law (6 ECTS)
  - Advanced Civil Procedure and Dispute Resolution (6 ECTS)
  - Advanced Contract and Liability Law (6 ECTS)
  - Advanced Property and Insolvency Law (6 ECTS)
  - Advanced Law of Persons and Family Law (6 ECTS)
  - Insurance Law (6 ECTS)
  - WTO Law (6 ECTS)

---

<sup>1</sup> is not offered in 2018-2019

5. Upon the approval of the Examination Board, a student may choose to replace an elective course (6 ECTS) as referred to under (4) with a Law Clinic organized by Tilburg Law School or an internship or Moot Court.
6. At least one course (6 ECTS) under (3) or (4) must be selected from the following:
  - Comparative Constitutional Law (6 ECTS)
  - Comparative Labor Law (6 ECTS)
  - EU and the Courts (6 ECTS)
  - European Competition Law (6 ECTS)
  - European Labor Law and Social Policy (6 ECTS)
  - Human Rights (6 ECTS)
  - Intellectual Property Law (6 ECTS)
  - International Labor Law and Globalization (6 ECTS)
  - Law and Economics (6 ECTS)
  - Psychiatry for Lawyers (6 ECTS)
  - Transnational Labor Law (6 ECTS)
7. The Master's thesis in the law program consists of the written report of academic research in the field of the program and is worth 12 ECTS. The Master's thesis is to be written in Dutch. After consultation with the thesis supervisor, another language may be chosen if appropriate for the subject and aims of the thesis and the thesis supervisor can also understand the language.

## SECTION 8: THE TAX LAW PROGRAM

### Article 8.1 – The form of the program

Tax Law is offered both as a full-time and as a part-time program. After 1 September 2011, it will no longer be possible to enroll in the part-time program.

### Article 8.1.1 – Language

The language of instruction in the program is Dutch. However, one or more courses which are part of the program may be taught in English.

### Article 8.2 – Starting dates

The Tax Law program starts on 1 September and 1 February of every academic year.

### Article 8.3 – Admission; transitional and pre-Master's programs

The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in Tax Law:

1. Candidates will be admitted to the Tax Law program if they have passed the examination of the Bachelor's program in Tax Law at Tilburg Law School;
2. Candidates will be admitted to the Tax Law program if they have passed the examination for a program comparable to this referred to in the preceding paragraph.
3. For the pre-Master's program for HBO law students, see Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations for Bachelor's programs, 2018-2019.

### Article 8.4 – Curriculum as of the 2014-2015 academic year

1. The regular curriculum of the Tax Law program consists of the following courses with study loads as specified:
  - a. Capita Selecta Taxation of Individuals (6 ECTS);
  - b. Capita Selecta European and International Tax Law (6 ECTS);
  - c. Capita Selecta Corporation Tax (6 ECTS);
  - d. Methodology of Tax Law (6 ECTS);
  - e. Inheritance and Gift Tax (6 ECTS);
  - f. One elective (6 ECTS), to be chosen from the following courses:
    - Succession in Family Businesses (6 ECTS)
    - Capita Selecta European and International Tax Law (6 ECTS)
    - Capita Selecta Sales Tax (6 ECTS)
    - Fiscal Criminal Law (6 ECTS)
    - Fiscal Aspects of Inheritance (6 ECTS)
    - Fiscal and Civil Law Aspects of Pensions (6 ECTS)
    - History of Tax Law (6 ECTS)
    - Tax Assurance 1 (6 ECTS)
    - Tax Assurance 2 (6 ECTS)
    - Tax and Technology (TiU) (6 ECTS)
    - Tax and Technology (VU) (6 ECTS)
    - Transfer Pricing (6 ECTS)
  - g. elective (6 ECTS) selected from Master's courses at a law or economics faculty;
  - h. Master's thesis on Tax Law (18 ECTS).
2. As an alternative to the curriculum above, students can also choose to focus on Indirect Tax. The Tax Law program focusing on Indirect Tax consists of the following courses with study loads as specified:
  - a. Capita Selecta Taxation of Individuals (6 ECTS);
  - b. Capita Selecta Corporation Tax (6 ECTS);
  - c. Methodology of Tax Law (6 ECTS);
  - d. Capita Selecta European and International Tax Law (6 ECTS);together with three of the following courses (totaling 18 ECTS):
  - e. Capita Selecta Value Added Tax (6 ECTS);
  - f. Tax Assurance for Indirect Tax (6 ECTS);

- g. European Value Added Tax (Maastricht University, 6 ECTS);
  - h. Indirect Tax and International Trade (VU University Amsterdam, 6 ECTS);
  - i. Specialized Course: Value Added Tax (Leiden University, 6 ECTS)
  - j. Master's thesis on Tax Law (18 ECTS).
3. The Master's thesis on Tax Law comprises a written report on scientific research conducted within the field of the program. The Master's thesis must be written in the Dutch language. A different language may be chosen in line with the topic and purpose of the thesis in consultation with the thesis supervisor and provided the language lies within the thesis supervisor's competence.

**Article 8.4a – Repealed.**

**Article 8.5 – The program for students of Fiscal Economics**

1. For students who are taking the Master's program in Fiscal Economics at the Tilburg University School of Economics and Management or who have successfully completed this program or hold a *doctoraal* qualification in Fiscal Economics and have successfully completed the bachelor's program in Tax Law at Tilburg Law School, the Tax Law Master's program consists of the following components:
  - a. Three fiscal electives (6 ECTS each), to be chosen from the following courses:
    - Capita Selecta European and International Tax Law (6 ECTS)
    - Capita Selecta Sales Tax (6 ECTS)
    - Fiscal Criminal Law (6 ECTS)
    - Fiscal Aspects of Inheritance (6 ECTS)
    - Fiscal and Civil Law Aspects of Pensions (6 ECTS)
    - History of Tax Law (6 ECTS)
    - Tax Assurance 1 (6 ECTS)
    - Tax Assurance 2 (6 ECTS)
    - Transfer Pricing (6 ECTS);
  - b. two legal electives (6 ECTS each)
  - c. Master's thesis on Fiscal Law (18 ECTS);
  - d. exemption for the remaining 12 ECTS.
2. The student must submit his program to the Examination Board for approval in advance.

**Article 8.6 – (Repealed)**

## **SECTION 9: THE PROGRAM IN BUSINESS LAW**

### **Article 9.1 – The form of the program**

The program in Business Law is a full-time program.

#### **Article 9.1.1 – Language**

The language of instruction for the program is Dutch. However, one or more courses on the program may be taught in English.

### **Article 9.2 – Starting dates**

The Business Law program starts on 1 September and 1 February of every academic year.

### **Article 9.3 – Admission; transition and pre-Master's programs**

The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in Business Law:

1. Candidates will be admitted to the Business Law program if they have passed the examination of one of the following programs at Tilburg Law School:
  - a. the Bachelor's program in Business Law;
  - b. the Bachelor's program in Tax Law. Students who have attained their Bachelor's degree in Tax Law must have passed the program as listed under Article 9.4, as well as the (Bachelor's) courses in Economics for Business Law Specialists and Organizational Theory and Strategy for Business Law (6 ECTS), before they may take the examination for the Master's degree.
  - c. the Bachelor's program in Law. Students who have passed their Bachelor's examination in Law must have passed the program as listed under Article 9.4, as well as the (Bachelor's) courses in Economics for Business Law Specialists and Organizational Theory and Strategy (6 ECTS), before they may take the examination for the Master's degree.
  - d. the Bachelor's program in Law (track IER), provided the transition program has been completed. The transition program consists of the course in Business Law. Additionally, students who have passed their Bachelor's examination in Law (IER track) must have passed the program listed under Article 9.4, as well as the (Bachelor's) courses in Economics for Business Law Specialists and Organizational Theory and Strategy (6 ECTS), before they may take the examination for the Master's degree.
  - e. the Bachelor's program in Global Law, provided they have completed the transition program. The transition program consists of the Bachelor's courses in Contract Law (6 ECTS), Property Law (6 ECTS), Civil Procedure and Dispute Resolution (6 ECTS), an Integrational Approach and management (6 ECTS), Legal Protection against the Government (7 ECTS), Criminal Liability (6 ECTS), Criminal Procedure (6 ECTS) and Liability Law (6 ECTS). Students who have passed all the courses in the Bachelor's program in Global Law and have also attained at least 30 ECTS in the transition program mentioned above, will be admitted to the Master's program in Business Law on making a request to the Examination Board.
2. Candidates will be admitted to the Business Law program if they have passed the examination for a program comparable to those referred to in the preceding paragraph.
3. For the pre-Master's program for HBO law students, see Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations for Bachelor's programs, 2018-2019.

### **Article 9.4 – The program in Business Law**

1. The Business Law program consists of the following components with study loads as specified:
  - a. Business Law Reorganizations (6 ECTS)
  - b. Business Law Contract Analysis (6 ECTS)
  - c. Capita Selecta Business Law (6 ECTS);
  - d. Capital Market Law (6 ECTS)
2. Two elective courses to be chosen from the following courses (a total of 12 ECTS):
  - Business Law and Risk Management (6 ECTS)
  - Insurance Law (6 ECTS)
  - Business Law and Dispute Resolution (6 ECTS)

- Comparative Corporate Governance (6 ECTS)
  - Not-for-profit Organizations (6 ECTS)
- 3. One elective course (6 ECTS), to be chosen from the Master's courses offered by the School of Law.
- 4. The Master's thesis for Business Law consists of a compulsory internship and a written report of scientific research related to the program. The Master's thesis is to be written in Dutch. After consultation with the thesis supervisor, another language may be chosen where this corresponds to the subject and aims of the thesis and the thesis supervisor can also understand the language.

## SECTION 10: THE PROGRAM IN INTERNATIONAL AND EUROPEAN LAW

### Article 10.1 – The form of the program

The program in International and European Law is a full-time program.

#### Article 10.1.1 – Language

The language of instruction for the program is English and (depending on the electives chosen) Dutch.

### Article 10.2 – Starting dates

The International and European Law program starts on 1 September and 1 February of every academic year.

### Article 10.3 – Admission; transition program

The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in International and European Law.

1. Candidates will be admitted to the International and European Law program if they have passed the examination of one of the following programs of Tilburg Law School:
  - a. the Bachelor's program in Global Law;
  - b. the Bachelor's program in Law (International and European Law track, Dutch Law track or Company Law track). For the program in International Law and Human Rights, students must follow the "crash course" in International Law.
2. Candidates will be admitted to the program in International and European Law under the same conditions if they hold a university Bachelor's degree in European Studies, Political Science or International Relations, subject to the condition that those opting for the European Union Law track must have passed a course in European Law worth at least 6 ECTS and those opting for the Human Rights Law track must have passed a course in International Law worth at least 6 ECTS.
3. In the case of candidates holding a university Bachelor's degree in another subject, the coordinator of the Master's program in International and European Law will advise the Examination Board whether, and under what conditions, they can be admitted to the program. In preparing this advice, the coordinator will consider the candidate's demonstrable abilities and skills. A letter of motivation may also be requested. The Examination Board will then consider each case on an individual basis and decide whether or not to issue a Confirmation of Admission. Depending on the student's previous education and chosen track, they may be required to take the "crash course" Introduction to EU Law or International Law at the beginning of the first semester.
- 4.. For the pre-Master's program for HBO law students, see Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations for Bachelor's programs 2017-2018.

### Article 10.4 – The program

1. For students enrolling for the first time in September 2018,<sup>1</sup> the International Law and Global Governance<sup>2</sup> track of the International and European Law program consists of the following components with study loads as specified:
  - Three compulsory courses:
    - o Public International Law: Continuity and Transformation (6 ECTS)
    - o Research Design and Methods for Postnational Lawyers (6 ECTS)
    - o The Master's thesis (12 ECTS) (please see (2))
  - Students must choose five required courses with at least 1 course taken in each of the 3 pillars:
    - Pillar International Law and International Relations*
      - o History and Theory of International Law (6 ECTS)
      - o Global Trade and Development Law (6 ECTS)
      - o International Arbitration Law (6 ECTS)
      - o International Security in Historical Perspective (6 ECTS)

---

<sup>1</sup> For the previous program, see the 2016-2017 Teaching and Examination Regulation.

<sup>2</sup> Until 2017-2018, International and Human Rights

*Pillar Human Rights and Human Security*

- Human Rights Globalization and the Role of the Individual in International Law (6 ECTS)
- Human Rights and Business (6 ECTS)
- International Criminal Law (6 ECTS)
- International Labor Law and Globalization (6 ECTS)

*Pillar Global Sustainability and Environmental Law*

- International and EU Environmental Law (6 ECTS)
- Climate Change Law (6 ECTS)
- Law, Technology and the Environment (6 ECTS)
- Nature Conservation: The Role of International and European Law in Protecting Wildlife and Wild Places (6 ECTS)

- Any additional required course, pre-approved elective or, with approval, course from another department (6 ECTS). Pre-Approved Elective Course: International Labour Law and Globalisation (6 ECTS)
2. The Master's thesis for the International and Human Rights Law track consists of a written report, in English, of an academic study in the field of the program (12 ECTS).
3. For students enrolling for the first time in September 2017,<sup>1</sup> the European Union Law track of the International and European Law program consists of the following components with study loads as specified:
- Six compulsory courses:
    - EU and the Courts of Justice (6 ECTS)
    - Crisis and EU Law (6 ECTS)
    - Internal Market Law (6 ECTS)
    - European Competition Law (6 ECTS)
    - Research Design and Methods for Postnational Lawyers (6 ECTS)
    - The Master's thesis (12 ECTS) (see (4))
  - Three of the following courses, to be chosen by the student, with study loads as specified:
    - Sub track: The EU in a Global Legal Context
      - Climate Change Law (6 ECTS)
      - European Labour Law and Social Policy (6 ECTS)
      - European Migration Law (6 ECTS)
      - Law, Technology and the Environment (6 ECTS)
      - WTO Law (6 ECTS)
      - EU External Relations (6 ECTS)
    - Sub track: EU Economic and Competition Law
      - Advanced EU Competition Law
      - Law, Technology and the Environment (6 ECTS)
      - EU External Relations (6 ECTS)
      - WTO Law (6 ECTS)
4. The Master's thesis for the European Union Law track consists of a written report, in English, of an academic study in the field of the program (12 ECTS).

---

<sup>1</sup> For the previous program, see the 2016-2017 Teaching and Examination Regulation.



## SECTION 11: THE INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS LAW PROGRAM

### Article 11.1 – The form of the program

The program in International Business Law is a full-time program.

#### Article 11.1.1 – Language

The language of instruction for the program is English.

### Article 11.2 – Starting dates

The International Business Law program starts on 1 September of every academic year.

### Article 11.3 – Admission; transition program

The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in International Business Law.

1. Candidates will be admitted to the International Business Law program if they have passed the examination of one of the following programs at Tilburg Law School:
  - a. Bachelor's program in Global Law (International and European Law track);
  - b. Bachelor's program in Business Law;
  - c. Bachelor's program in Law (all tracks);
  - d. Bachelor's program in Tax Law;
  - e. Bachelor's program in Global Law (Global Law track)
2. Candidates will be admitted to the program in International Business Law program if they have passed the examination of a program comparable to those referred to in the preceding paragraph.

### Article 11.4 – The program

1. The program in International Business Law consists of the following courses, with study loads as specified:
  - a. Banking and Securities Regulations (6 ECTS);
  - b. European Competition Law (6 ECTS);
  - c. International Business Law I (6 ECTS);
  - d. International Business Law II (6 ECTS);
  - e. International Company Law (6 ECTS)
  - f. Legal Negotiation Workshop (6 ECTS)
  - g. Primer on International Business Law (6 ECTS)
  - h. Master's thesis on International Business Law (12 ECTS).
2. The program in International Business law also includes a minimum of one course (6 ECTS) from those indicated below or another Master's elective subject (6 ECTS) from Tilburg Law School that has been approved by the Examination Board:
  - Comparative Corporate Governance (6 ECTS);
  - Advanced EU Competition Law (6 ECTS);
  - Law, Entrepreneurship and Finance (6 ECTS)
  - International Commercial Law (6 ECTS)
  - WTO Law (6 ECTS)
3. The Master's thesis for International Business Law consists of the following components:
  - Legal Negotiations Workshop (6 ECTS);
  - Written report (in English) of an academic study in the field of the program (12 ECTS).

## SECTION 12: THE ENVIRONMENTAL LAW PROGRAM – REPEALED

## SECTION 13: THE LABOUR LAW AND EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS PROGRAM (THE SOCIAL LAW AND SOCIAL POLICY PROGRAM)

### Article 13.1 – The form of the program

The program in Labour Law and Employment Relations is a full-time program.

#### Article 13.1.1 – Language

The language of instruction for the program in Labour Law and Employment Relations is English.

#### Article 13.2 – Starting dates

The program in Labour Law and Employment Relations starts on 1 September and 1 February of every academic year.

### Article 13.3 – Admission; transition and pre-Master's programs

1. The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in Labour Law and Employment Relations.
2. Candidates will be admitted to the program in Labour Law and Employment Relations if they have passed the examination of one of the following programs at Tilburg Law School:
  - a. Bachelor's program in Tax Law.
  - b. Bachelor's program in Law (all tracks)
  - c. Bachelor's program in Global Law
  - d. Bachelor's program in Public Administration.
3. Also admissible under the same conditions are candidates holding a qualification comparable with those referred to in the preceding paragraph, such as a foreign Bachelor's degree in Law, a *doctoraal* or Master's degree in law or a Bachelor's degree from Tilburg University in the Liberal Arts and Sciences or Global Management of Social Issues.
4. Also admissible are candidates who hold a Bachelor's degree from a Dutch university in one of the following subjects: Economics, Human Resource Studies, Psychology, Organization Studies or Sociology. Before commencing the program, however, these students are required to take Introduction to Law or an equivalent course as determined by the coordinator of the Master's program in Labour Law and Employment Relations.
5. In the case of candidates with a Bachelor's degree from another university, the coordinator of the Master's program in Labour Law and Employment Relations will advise the Examination Board whether, and under what conditions, they can be admitted to the program. The Examination Board will then consider each case on an individual basis and decide whether or not to issue a Confirmation of Admission.
6. Candidates holding a Bachelor's degree from an institution of higher professional education who have completed a pre-Master's program in one of the university-level subjects listed in paragraph 4 above may also be admitted to the Master's program in Labour Law and Employment Relations, providing certain other conditions are met. Candidates who have passed all components of the said pre-Master's program with an average grade of at least 8 (unrounded) will be admitted unconditionally. Those who achieved an average grade between 7 and 8 may be admitted subject to submission of a satisfactory letter of motivation explaining why they wish to join the Master's program in Labour Law and Employment Relations and a satisfactory letter of recommendation from a tutor in their pre-Master's program. The subsequent procedure is as described in paragraph 4.
7. For the pre-Master's programs provided by Tilburg Law School, see Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations of the Bachelor's Programs 2018-2019.

### Article 13.4 – The program

1. The program in Labour Law and Employment Relations consists of the following courses, with study loads as specified,
  - a. Three electives (18 ECTS in total), to be chosen from:
    - Comparative Labour Law (6 ECTS)

- Transnational Labour Law<sup>1</sup> (6 ECTS)
  - European Labour Law and Social Policy (6 ECTS)
  - International Labour Law and Globalization (6 ECTS)
- b. Electives with a total study load of at least 12 ECTS, to be chosen from:
- Comparative European Industrial Relations (6 ECTS)
  - Compensation and Benefits (3 ECTS)
  - Cultural Diversity Management (6 ECTS)
  - Geneva Seminar (3 ECTS)
  - Brussels Week (3 ECTS)
  - International HRM (3 ECTS)
  - Labor Market Institutions and Dynamics (6 ECTS)
  - Organizational Change (6 ECTS)
  - Social Policy and Social Risks (6 ECTS)
- c. Electives with a total study load of at least 12 ECTS, to be chosen freely from the lists in a and b above.
- d. The Master's thesis (18 ECTS).
4. The Master's thesis consists of a written report of an academic study in the field of the program.
5. Subject to approval by the Examination Board, students can opt for an internship or for a Law Clinic, Social Policy Lab, or Moot Court (3 ECTS) organized by Tilburg Law School instead of one of the elective courses referred to in paragraph 1 sub b. When applying for Examination Board approval, the student should submit an internship plan stating, at the very least, how it will contribute towards the program's learning objectives and how many working hours it will involve. Any internship must also generate a written end product. In exceptional cases, with the approval of the Examination Board (acting on a recommendation by the Internship Coordinator and the Program Director) the internship can be extended to 6 ECTS.

*SECTION 14: REPEALED*

## SECTION 15: THE LAW AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM

### Article 15.1 – The form of the program

The program in Law and Technology is a full-time program.

#### Article 15.1.1 – Language

The language of instruction for the program is English and (depending on the electives chosen) Dutch.

### Article 15.2 – Starting dates

The Law and Technology program starts on 1 September and 1 February of every academic year.

### Article 15.3 – Admission; transition program

The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in Law and Technology:

1. Candidates holding a Bachelor's degree in a law program from another university in the Netherlands will be admitted to the Law and Technology program.
2. Candidates will be admitted to the Law and Technology program under the same conditions if they have passed the examination of a program comparable to those referred to in the preceding paragraph, such as candidates with a foreign Bachelor of Laws degree and those with a *doctoraal* degree in law or a Master's degree.
3. For candidates with a Bachelor's degree from a different university program which included courses in law worth at least 90 ECTS, the coordinator of the Law and Technology Master's program will advise the Examination Board whether and, if so, on what conditions a candidate can be admitted to the Law and Technology Master's program. The Examination Board may decide whether a Confirmation of Admission can be granted in each individual case.
4. For the pre-Master's program for HBO law students, see Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations for Bachelor's programs 2018-2019.

### Article 15.4 – The program

1. The Law and Technology program consists of the following courses with study loads as specified:

- a. Regulation: Ethics, Acceptance, Legitimacy (6 ECTS)
- b. European Intellectual Property Law and Technology (6 ECTS);
- c. a choice of five courses from the list below:
  - Climate Change Law (6 ECTS)
  - Competition Law and Technology Industries (6 ECTS)
  - Contracts and ICT (6 ECTS)
  - Cybercrime (6 ECTS)
  - Health, Care, Technology & Regulation (6 ECTS)
  - Law, Technology and the Environment (6 ECTS)
  - Capita Selecta Privacy and Data Protection (6 ECTS)
  - Advanced Topics in Intellectual Property Law (6 ECTS)
  - Privacy and Data Protection (6 ECTS)
  - Global e-Commerce & Internet Liability (6 ECTS)
- d. Master's thesis in Law and Technology (18 ECTS)

2. The Master's thesis in Law and Technology consists of compulsory participation in the course for the Master's thesis in Law and Technology, a written report (in English) of scientific research in the field of study of the program, and the public defense of the thesis. Part of the preparation time for the Master's thesis can be spent on a (research) internship within or outside TILT.

## SECTION 16: THE PUBLIC GOVERNANCE (PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION) PROGRAM

### Article 16.1 – The form of the program

The Public Governance program is a full-time program.

#### Article 16.1.1 – Language

1. The language of instruction is English.
2. The Master's thesis may be written in either Dutch or English.

### Article 16.2 – Starting dates

The Public Governance program starts on 1 September and 1 February of every academic year.

### Article 16.3 – Admission

The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. For the conditions applicable to the Pre-Master's program, see Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations of the Bachelor's Programs for 2018-2019. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in Public Governance (Public Administration):

1. Candidates will be admitted to the Public Governance (Public Administration) program if they have passed the examination of the Bachelor's program in Public Administration/Public Governance or Global Law at Tilburg Law School.
2. Candidates will also be admitted to the program if they have passed the examination of the Bachelor's program Economics, Fiscal Economics, or Global Management of Social Issues (Organization Studies track) at Tilburg University.
3. Candidates holding a Bachelor's degree equivalent to those described in 1 and 2 above will also be admitted, under the same conditions.
4. In the case of candidates holding a Bachelor's degree from another university, the coordinator of the Master's program in Public Governance (Public Administration) will advise the Examination Board on their admissibility, including any conditions applicable to their admission.
5. For the pre-Master's program, see Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations for Bachelor's programs, 2018-2019.

### Article 16.4 – The program for students admitted as of 1 September 2016

1. The program in Public Governance (Public Administration) consists of the following components with study loads as specified:
  - a. Governance and Economics (6 ECTS)
  - b. Governance and Law (6 ECTS)
  - c. Governance and Politics (6 ECTS)
  - d. Good Governance (6 ECTS)
  - e. Governance Clinic (6 ECTS)
  - f. Public Strategy (6 ECTS)
  - g. Public Entrepreneurship (6 ECTS)
  - h. Tutorial (6 ECTS)
  - i. Master's thesis (12 ECTS)
2. Subject to approval by the Examination Board, students can opt for an internship instead of one of the elective courses referred to in paragraph 1, sub f, g or h. This internship must relate to the learning objectives of the elective in question.

### Article 16.5<sup>1</sup> – repealed

---

<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup> For the program up until the 2015-2016 academic year, see the TER for 2016-2017; for transitional arrangements, see Article 16.6.



Transitional arrangement: Public Administration and Society specialization

<b>Course not passed as of September 2016</b>	<b>Alternative from 2016-2017</b> <i>(all courses are worth 6 ECTS)</i>
Core subject Administration and Society (6 ECTS)	Governance and Economics
Comparative Multi-level Governance (6 ECTS)	Governance Clinic
Good Governance (6 ECTS)	Good Governance
Master's workshop in Administration and Society (6 ECTS)	Tutorial or Governance Clinic
Choice between one of (6 ECTS): - Administration and Politics (6 ECTS) - Administration and Law (6 ECTS)	Governance and Politics Governance and Law
Choice of any two of the following courses relevant to the specialization (12 ECTS in total); if chosen from this list, Examination Board approval is not required (see also Article 16.5). - Civil Religion and Civil Ritual (6 ECTS) - Not-for-Profit Organization (6 ECTS) - Social Policy and Social Risk (6 ECTS) - Societal Developments and Institutions (6 ECTS) - Administration and Politics or Administration and Law (6 ECTS; if not already selected).	Electives unchanged (subject to confirmation)  Governance and Politics or Governance and Law (if not already selected) Governance and Economics Public Strategy Public Entrepreneurship
Master's thesis (18 ECTS) including the Administration and Society Research Lab (6 ECTS)	Master's thesis (12 ECTS) with Tutorial (6 ECTS)

Transitional arrangement: Public Administration and Politics specialization

<b>Course not passed as of September 2016</b>	<b>Alternative from 2016-2017</b> <i>(all courses are worth 6 ECTS)</i>
Core subject Administration and Politics (6 ECTS)	Governance and Politics
Comparative Multi-level Governance (6 ECTS)	Governance Clinic
Good Governance (6 ECTS)	Good Governance
Master's workshop in Administration and Politics (6 ECTS)	Tutorial or Governance Clinic
Choice between one of (6 ECTS): - Administration and Law (6 ECTS) - Administration and Society (6 ECTS)	Governance and Law or Governance and Economics
Choice of any two of (12 ECTS in total): - International Relations in Historical Perspective (6 ECTS) - Leadership and Organization (6 ECTS) - Strategy Process & Decision Making (6 ECTS) - EU External Relations (6 ECTS) - Governance of International Organizations: Transparency and Democratic Legitimacy Constitutionalization of the EU (6 ECTS) - Comparative Constitutional Law (6 ECTS) - Influence of Digitization (6 ECTS) Administration and Law or Administration and Society (6 ECTS; if not already selected).	Electives unchanged (subject to confirmation)  Governance and Law or Governance and Society (if not already selected) Governance and Economics Public Strategy Public Entrepreneurship
Master's thesis (18 ECTS) including the Administration and Law Research Lab (6 ECTS)	Master's thesis (12 ECTS) plus Tutorial (6 ECTS)



## SECTION 17: THE VICTIMOLOGY AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE PROGRAM

### **Article 17.1 – The form of the program**

The Victimology and Criminal Justice program is a full-time program.

### **Article 17.1.1 – Language**

The language of instruction for the program is English.

### **Article 17.2 – Starting dates**

The Victimology and Criminal Justice program starts on 1 September of every academic year.

### **Article 17.3 – Admission; transition program**

The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in Victimology and Criminal Justice.

1. Candidates holding a Bachelor's degree in a law program from another university in the Netherlands will be admitted to the program. Before attending classes, they must attend the preparatory course Introduction to Research Methodologies in Social Sciences.
2. Candidates will be admitted to the program under the same conditions if they have passed the examination of a program comparable to that referred to in the preceding paragraph, such as candidates with a foreign Bachelor's degree in Law and those with a *doctoraal* degree in law or a Master's degree, or a Bachelor's degree from Tilburg University in the Liberal Arts and Sciences.
3. Also admissible are candidates who hold a bachelor's degree from a Dutch university in one of the following programs: Psychology, Sociology, Criminology or Liberal Arts and Sciences. Before attending classes, they must attend the preparatory course Introduction to Law.
4. For candidates with a Bachelor's degree from another university, the coordinator of the Master's program in Victimology and Criminal Justice will advise the Examination Board whether, and if so under what conditions, a candidate can be admitted to the Victimology and Criminal Justice Master's program. The Examination Board may decide whether a Confirmation of Admission can be granted in each individual case.
5. Candidates who hold a Bachelor's degree from a higher professional education institution and who have completed a Pre-Master's program in one of the university-level programs listed above (law, liberal arts and sciences, psychology, sociology or criminology) may also be admitted to the Master's program in Victimology and Criminal Justice, provided certain other conditions are met. Candidates who have passed all components of the aforesaid Pre-Master's program with an average grade of 8 (unrounded) will be admitted to the Master's program in Victimology and Criminal Justice with no need to meet any further conditions. Candidates who obtained a grade between 7 and 8 on the components of the aforesaid Pre-Master's program may be admitted to the Master's program in Victimology and Criminal Justice subject to the submission of a letter of motivation explaining why they wish to do the Master's program and a letter of recommendation from an instructor who taught in the student's Pre-Master's program. The procedure is the same as under (4) above.

### **Article 17.4 – The program**

1. The program in Victimology and Criminal Justice consists of the following courses, with study loads as specified:
  - Theories and Perspectives on Victimization (6 ECTS)
  - Ethics and Victimology (6 ECTS)
  - Victims in National and International Criminal Justice (6 ECTS)
  - Life-Course Victimology (6 ECTS)
  - Victimization through Migration (6 ECTS)
  - Introduction to Research Methodologies in Social Sciences (3 ECTS) or Introduction to Law (3 ECTS)\* (The coordinator of the Master's program in Victimology and Criminal Justice will decide which of the two introduction courses students will be required to take.)

- Psychology and Law (3 ECTS)
- Justice in Context: Cultural Victimology (3 ECTS)
- Current Issues in Victimology (3 ECTS)
- Master's Thesis (18 ECTS)

## SECTION 18: THE PROGRAM IN INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS TAXATION – TAX LAW PROGRAM

### Article 18.1 – The form of the program

The program in International Business Taxation (Tax Law program) is a full-time program.

### Article 18.1.1 – Language

The language of instruction for the program is English.

### Article 18.2 – Starting dates

The program in International Business Law (Tax Law program) starts on 1 September of every academic year.

### Article 18.3 – Admission; transition and pre-Master's programs

1. The general conditions for admission to the Master's programs are included in Section 3 of these Regulations. In addition, the following specific requirements must be met for admission to the Master's program in International Business Taxation.
2. Candidates will be admitted to the program in International Business Taxation (Tax Law Program) if they have passed the examination of one of the following programs at Tilburg Law School:
  - a. Bachelor's program in Tax Law;
  - b. Bachelor's program in Law (all tracks);
  - c. Bachelor's program in International and European Law;
  - d. Bachelor's program in Business Law;
  - e. Bachelor's program in Global Law.
3. Candidates will be admitted to the program in International Business Taxation (Tax Law Program) under the same conditions if they have passed the final assessment for a program comparable to those referred to in the preceding paragraph.
4. For the pre-Master's program for HBO law students, see Article 43a of the Teaching and Examination Regulations for Bachelor's program,s 2018-2019.

### Article 18.4 – The program

1. The program in International Business Taxation (Tax Law Program) includes the following components with study loads as specified:

#### *Business Organizations and Strategies sub-track*

- Corporate Tax Structures (6 ECTS)
- Business Taxation (6 ECTS)
- Value Added Tax in Cross-Border Situations (6 ECTS)
- Integrating Tax in Business Decision Making Processes (IBTL version) (6 ECTS)
- International and European Taxation (6 ECTS)

Choice of any two of the following courses:

- International Business Law I (6 ECTS)
- International Company Law (6 ECTS)
- Transfer Pricing (6 ECTS)
- Tax and Technology (TiU) (6 ECTS)
- Tax and Technology (VU) (6 ECTS)
- Master's Thesis (18 ECTS)

#### *Globalization sub-track*

- Corporate Tax Structures (6 ECTS)
- Business Taxation (6 ECTS)
- Value Added Tax in Cross-Border Situations (6 ECTS)
- Integrating Tax in Business Decision Making Processes (IBTL version) (6 ECTS)
- International and European Taxation (6 ECTS)

Choice of any two of the following courses:

- WTO Law (6 ECTS)
- Transfer Pricing (6 ECTS)
- Tax and Technology (TiU) (6 ECTS)
- Tax and Technology (VU) (6 ECTS)
- Advanced EU Competition Law (6 ECTS)
- Master's Thesis (18 ECTS)

2. The Master's thesis consists of the written report of an academic study in the field of the program.

